

Understanding the ${}^3\text{He}$ Nuclei: Asymmetry Measurements in Quasi-Elastic

$\overrightarrow{{}^3\text{He}}(\vec{e}, e'd)$ and $\overrightarrow{{}^3\text{He}}(\vec{e}, e'p)$

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Outline

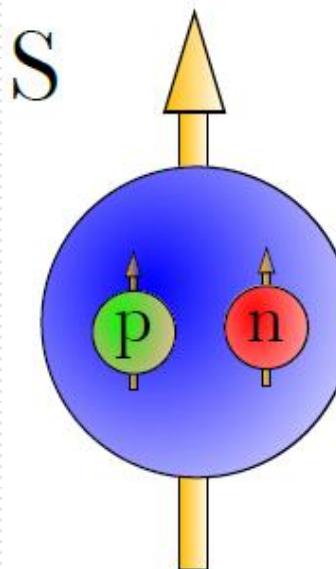
- Physics Motivation
 - Experimental Setup
 - Detector Calibration: High Resolution Spectrometer (HRS) and BigBite
 - Summary and Outlook
-

Physics motivation

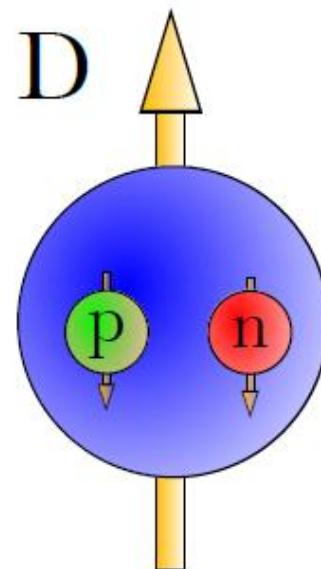
- Practically: understanding ${}^3\text{He}$ ground-state spin structure helps in a variety of experiments that try to extract neutron information from ${}^3\text{He}$
 - Theoretically: nucleon-nucleon potential theory predicts three components in the ${}^3\text{He}$ ground-state wave-function. Understanding the role of the S' and D states helps us understand the “standard model” of few-body system
 - Double polarization measurements have large sensitivities to both S' and D components
-

Deuterium Spin Structure

- Spin-1 Particle, 2 spin- $\frac{1}{2}$ Nucleons (Proton and Neutron)



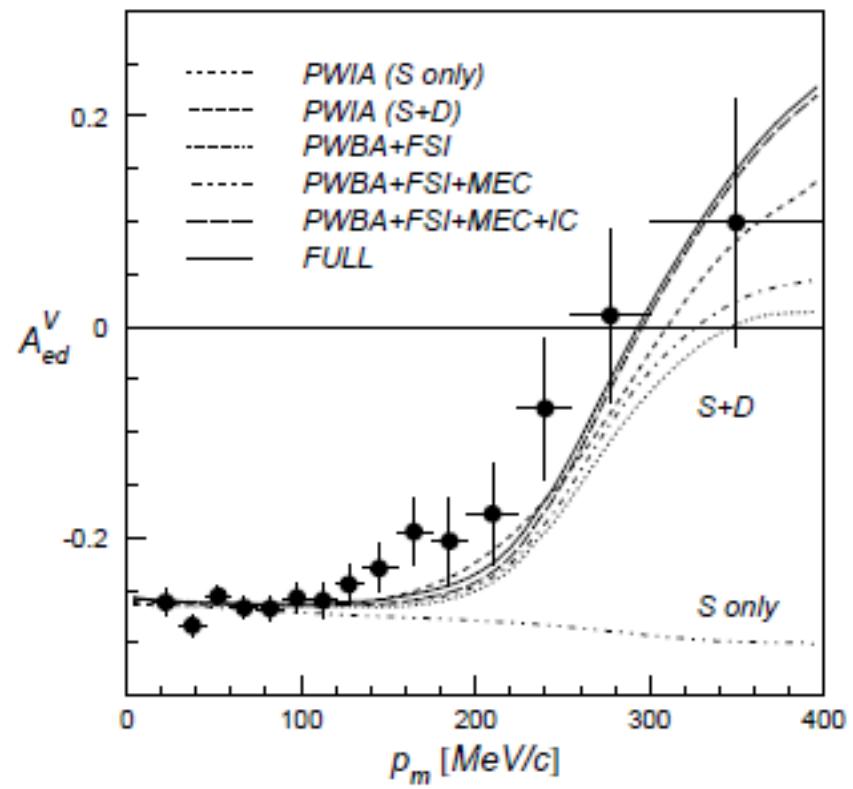
S
Angular Momentum $\ell=0$
 $\sim 90\%$



D
 $\ell=2$
 $\sim 10\%$

$\vec{D}(\vec{e}, e' p) n$ Asymmetry Measurements at NIKHEF

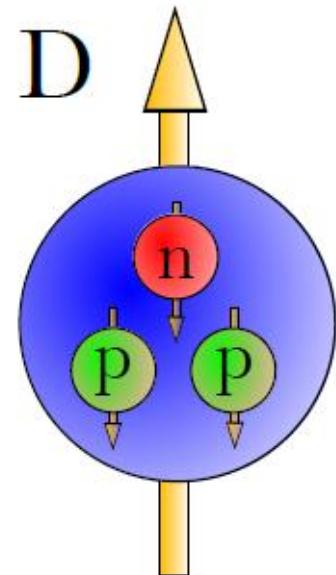
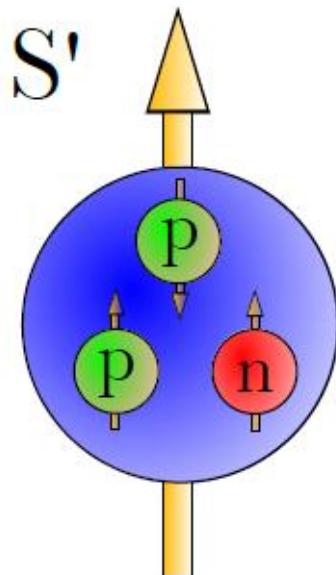
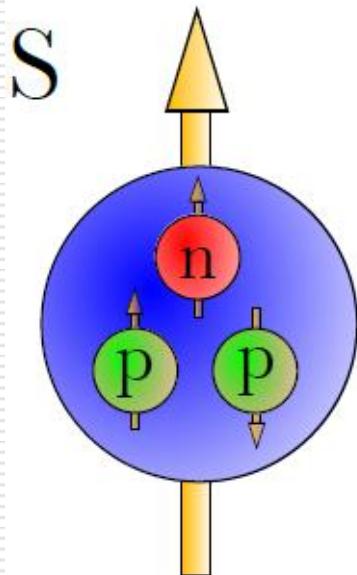
- ❑ A sign flip of asymmetry with the increase of missing momentum gave an indication of the existence of D state
- ❑ Sign flip happened at around Fermi momentum of deuterium nucleus



^3He spin structure

- Spin-1/2 Particle, 3 spin-1/2 Nucleons (Proton and Neutron)

*Effective
Neutron
Target*



Angular Momentum $\ell=0$

$\sim 90\%$

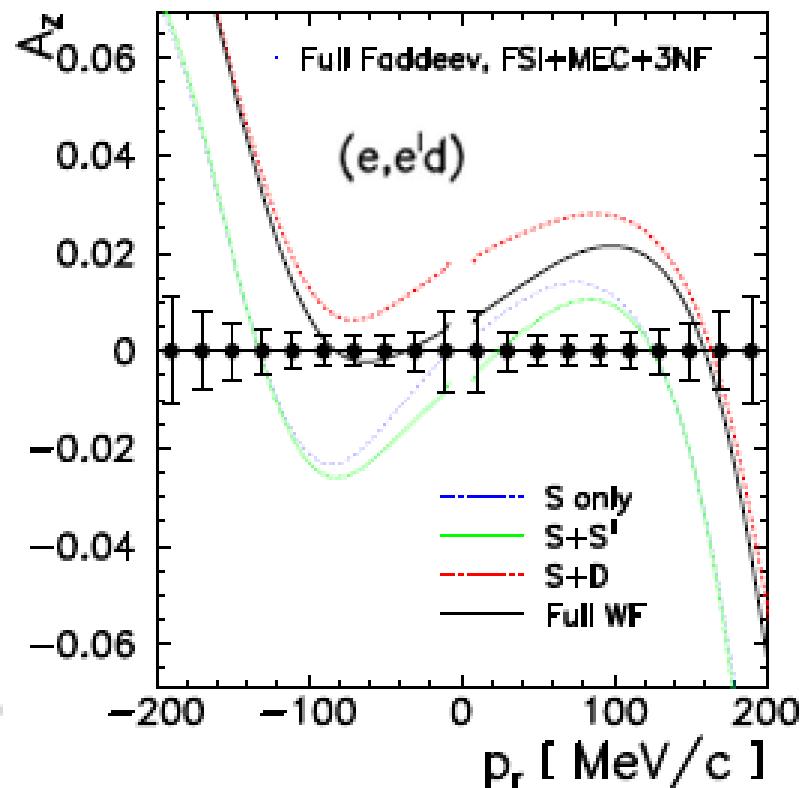
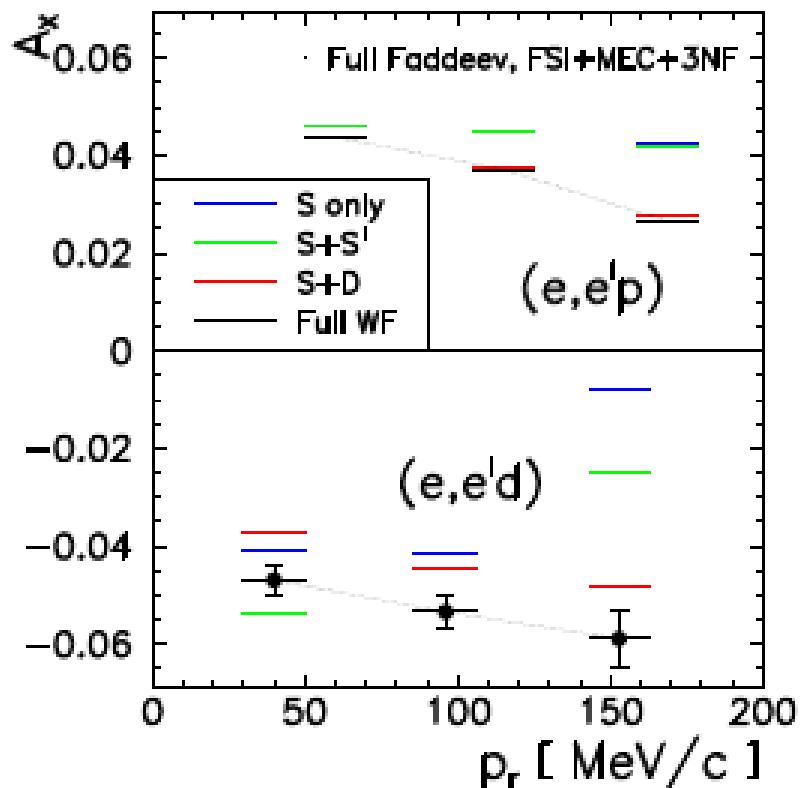
$\ell=0$

$\sim 1-2\%$

$\ell=2$

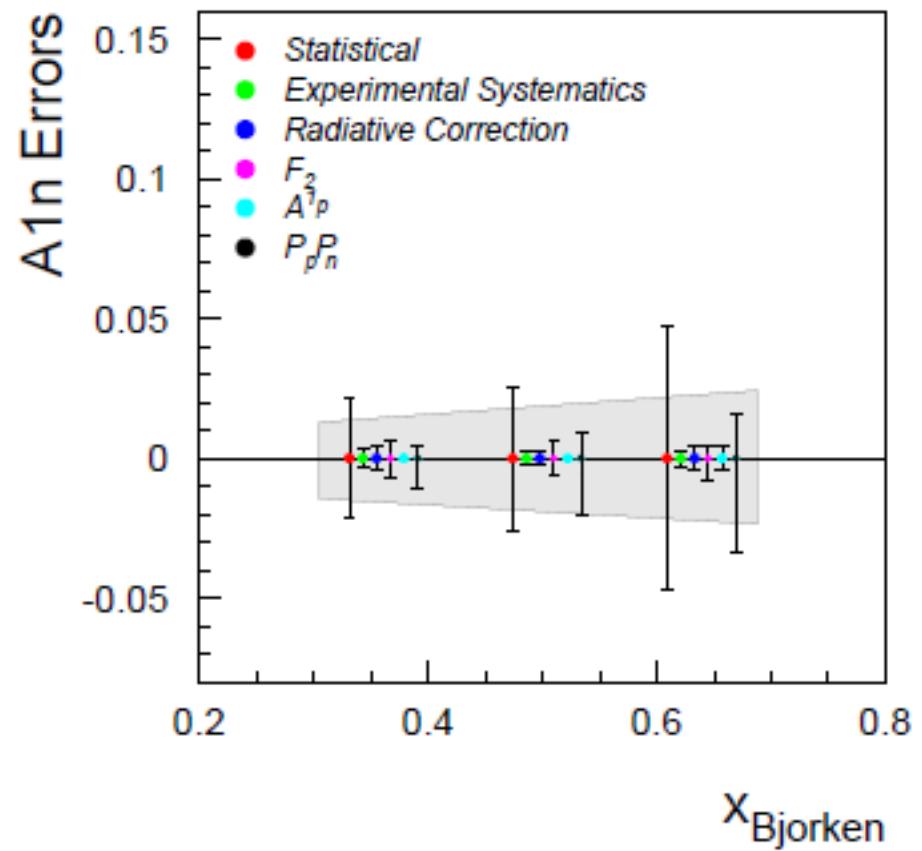
$\sim 8\%$

Theoretical asymmetry from Faddeev Calculation



^3He based experiments

- JLab experiment E99-117 measured neutron asymmetry A_{n}^1 in DIS region, the leading error other than statistical is caused by uncertainty in the effective proton and neutron polarization in ^3He



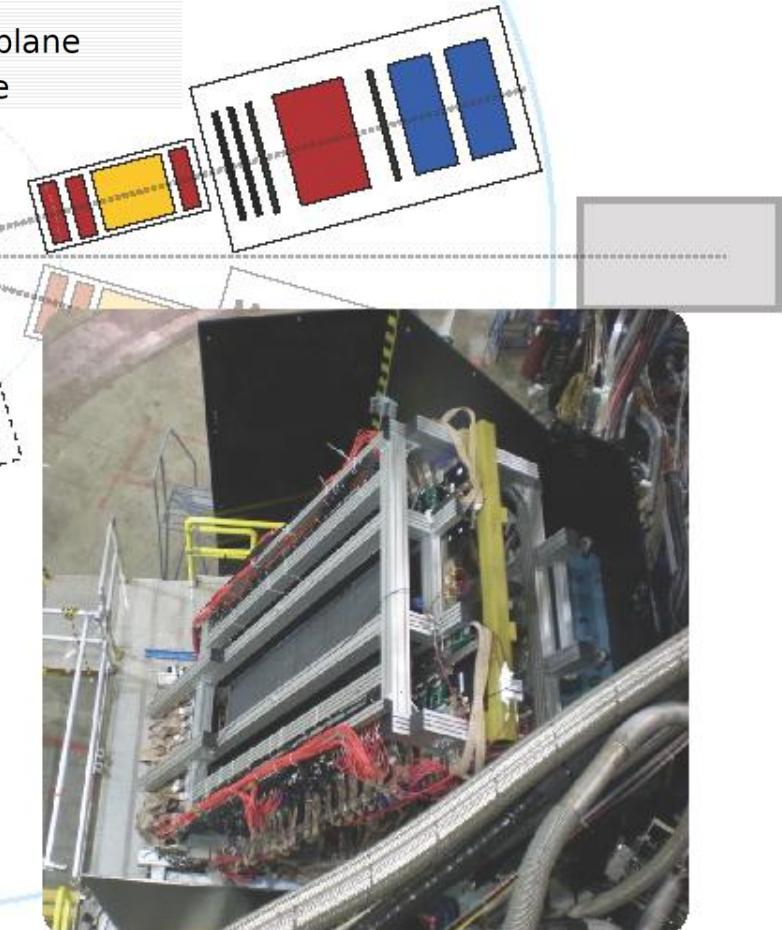
JLab E05-102: Experimental Setup

- Beam energy 2.4 GeV, helicity fast-flipped (30Hz)
 - LHRs angle 12.5 and 14.5 degrees
 - BigBite angle 75 and 82 degrees
 - ^3He target polarization $\sim 60\%$
-



High-resolution spectrometers (HRS)

- Detects scattering electrons with high resolution
- Angular resolution:
 - ~0.6mr in non-dispersive plane
 - ~0.2mr in dispersive plane
- Momentum acceptance: $\pm 4.5\%$
- Angular acceptance:
 - ~22mr in non-dispersive plane
 - ~60mr in dispersive plane

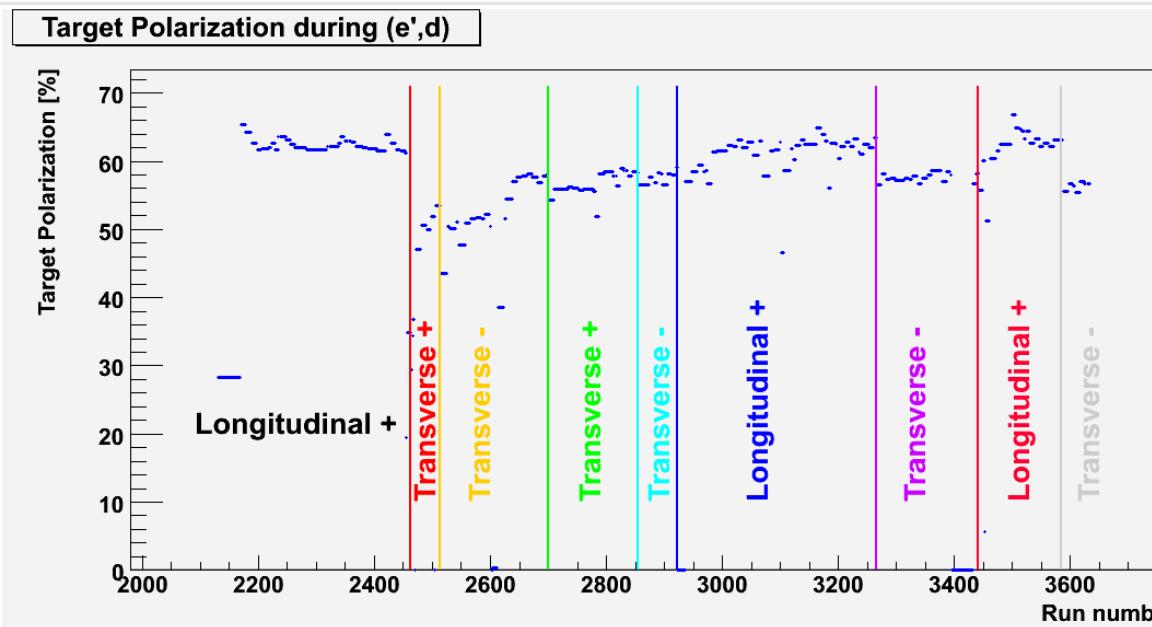
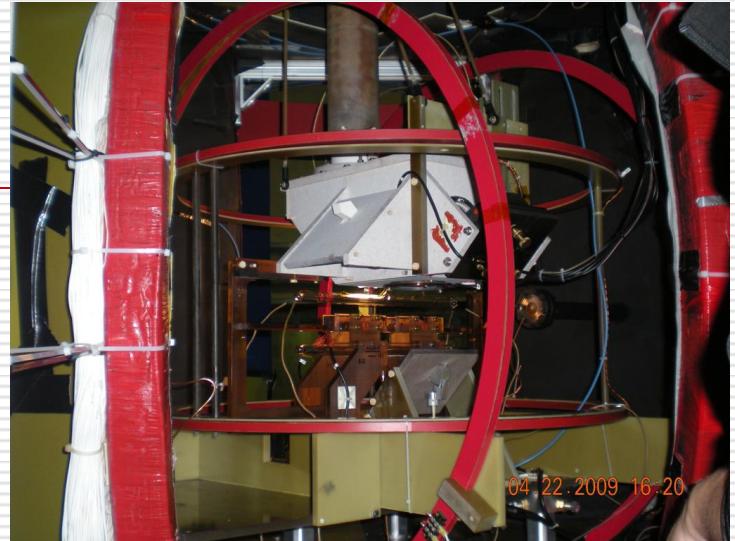


BigBite spectrometer

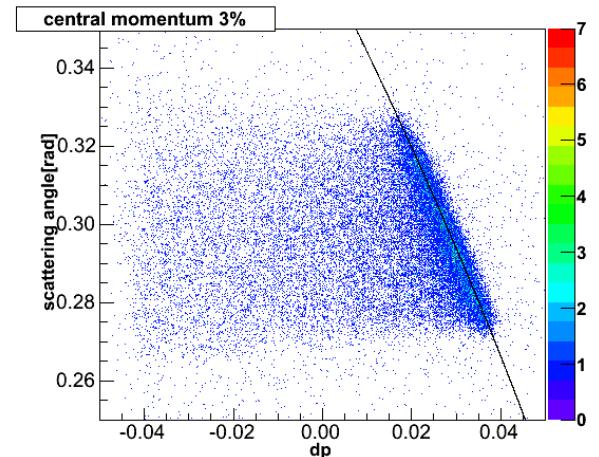
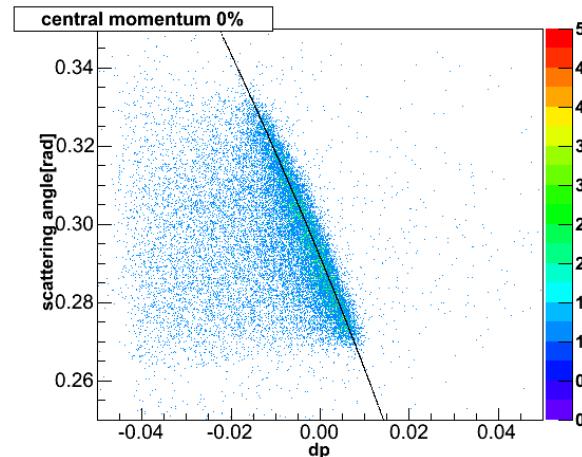
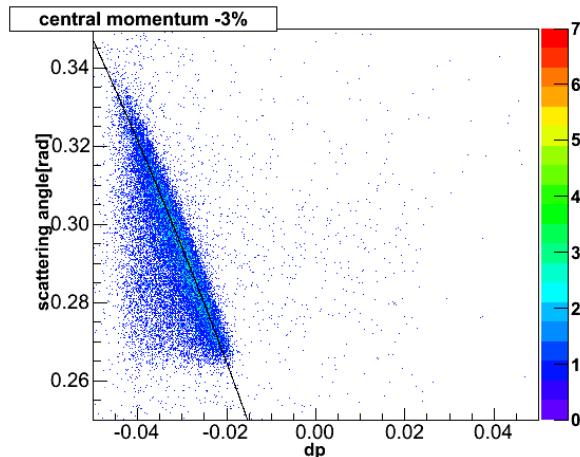
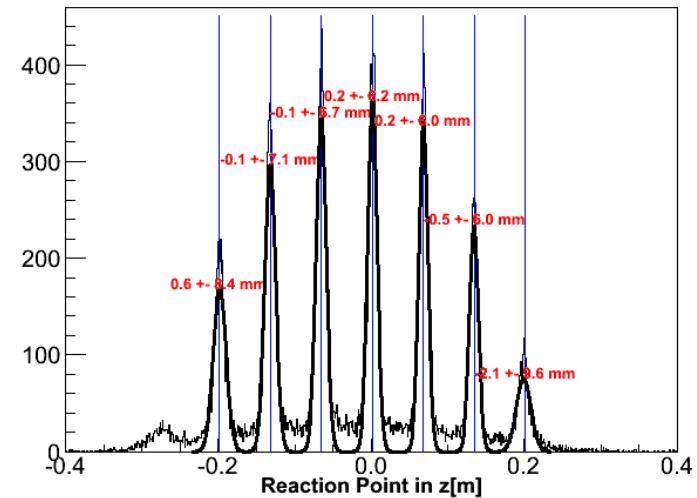
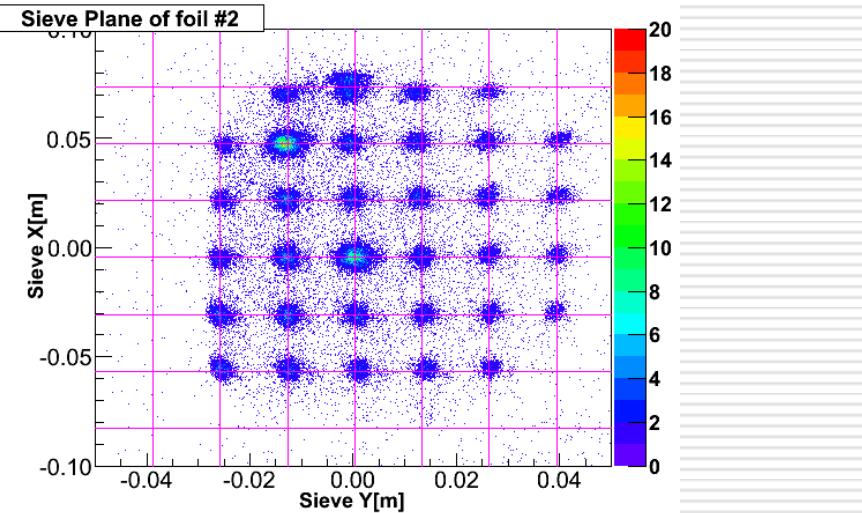
- Detects protons and deuterons with large acceptance and relatively low resolution
- Solid angle of 96 msr
- Momentum acceptance: 200-900MeV/c
- Two wire chambers and two scintillator planes (3 mm and 30 mm thick each)

^3He Target

- Hybrid K-Rb spin exchange optical pumping
- High in-beam polarization $\sim 60\%$
- Narrow band-width laser

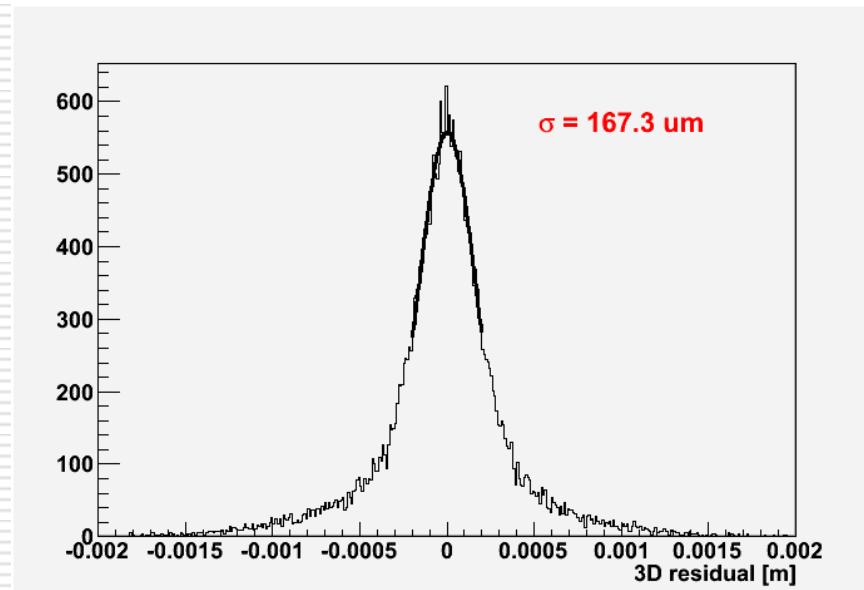


Calibration: High Resolution Spectrometer (HRS) Optics

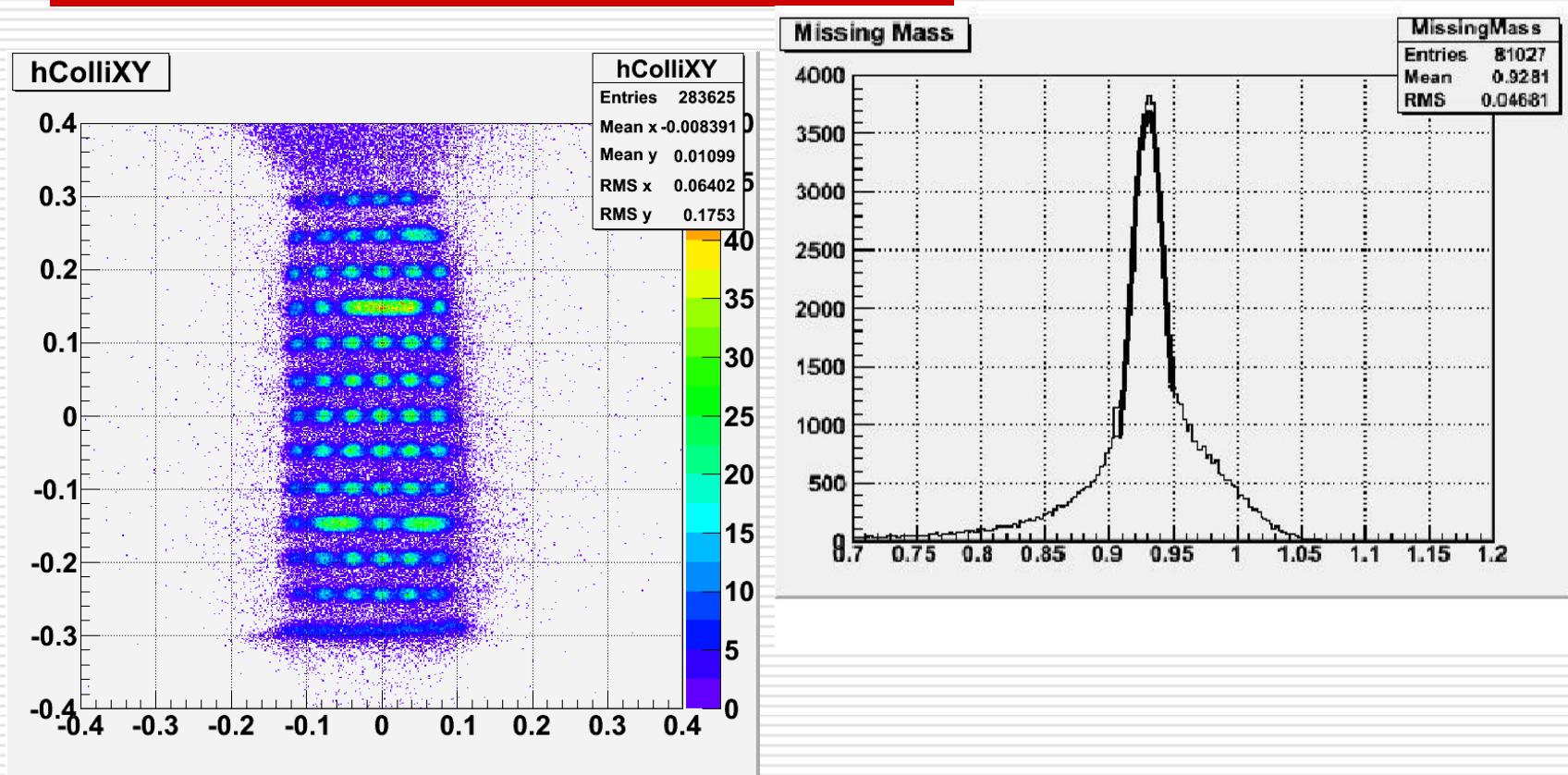


BigBite Spectrometer Wire Chamber Tracking

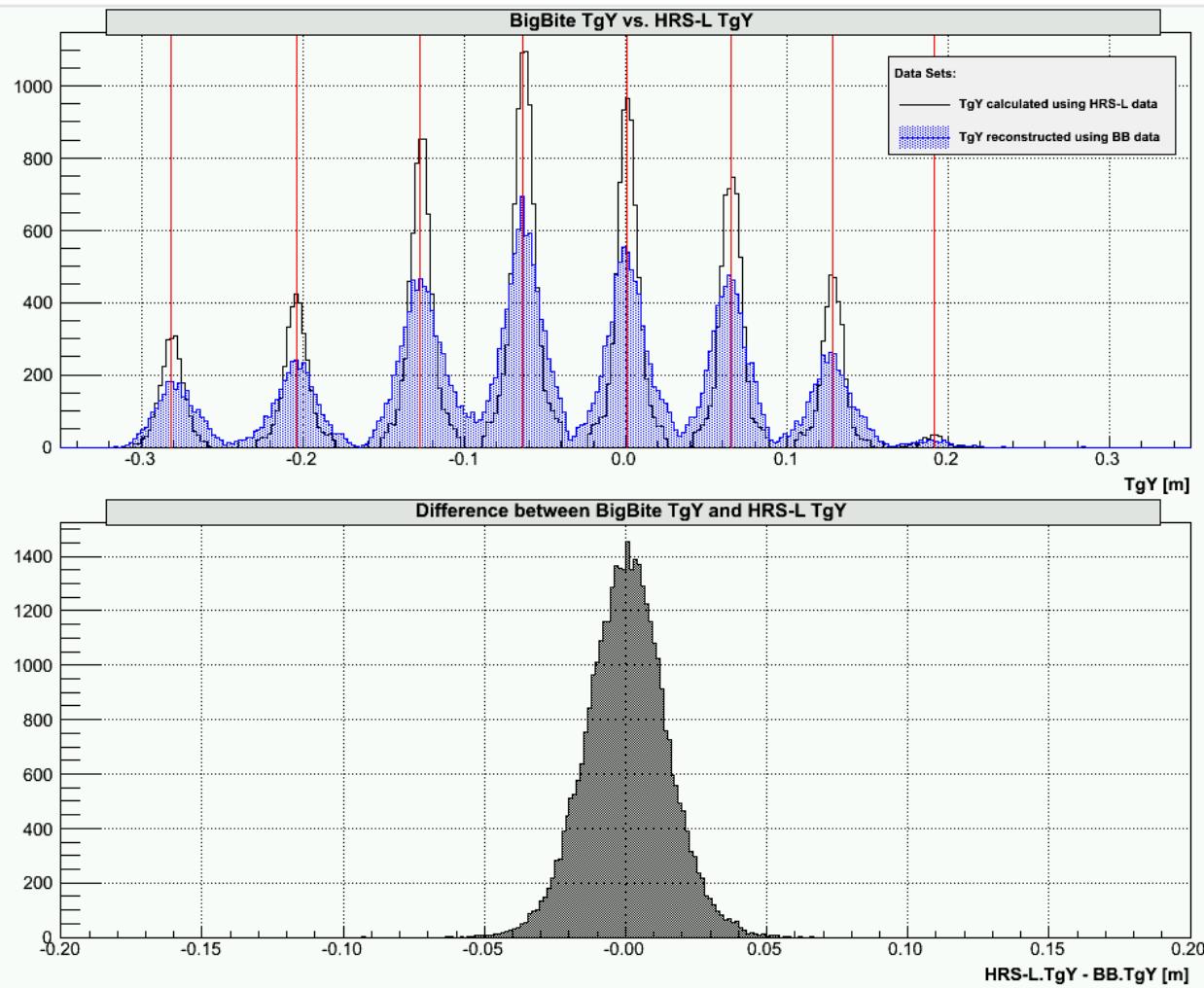
- ☐ Track resolution $\sigma \sim 180 \text{ }\mu\text{m}$
- ☐ Tracking hit efficiency $\sim 98.3\%$



BigBite optics: sieve and momentum



BB optics: reaction point z



Summary and outlook

- Finished:
 - HRS optics
 - BigBite optics
- Ongoing and to-be-done
 - Target
 - Asymmetry

Thanks to the Hall A Quasi-Elastic Family Experiments

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Collaboration

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R. Gilman	W. Luo			

BigBite optics: target y

- ☐ 7-foil carbon target
- ☐ Comparing BB reconstruction (blue)
with LHRs reconstruction (black)

